





Positive Handling Policy

The Mission of St. Mary's College

"Love God with all your heart, with all your soul, with all your mind and with all your strength and love your neighbour as yourself" (Mk 12:30-31)

St Mary's College exists to help parents and carers to educate young people spiritually, morally, physically and academically as well as possible. We aim to be a truly Christian community, where our relationships are built on encouragement, concern, respect, forgiveness and reconciliation. Our religious life is rooted in the faith, practice and moral teaching of the Roman Catholic Church.

Each person in our community is specially valued and has an important part to play in making sure that we live out our mission.

Name of policy	Positive Handling Policy			
Status	Reviewed March 2020-ABo			
Reviewed by	St Cuthbert's RC Academy Trust			

Introduction

At St Mary's College we do not discriminate against any child or adult on the grounds of race, disability, gender, age, gender reassignment, pregnancy, maternity, religion or belief, sex, or sexual orientation. We embrace the individuality of all our community members and comply fully with the Equality Act 2010.

1. Aims

This policy has been written to support all teaching and support staff who come into contact with pupils who may need physical intervention. Staff at St Mary's College recognise that the use of reasonable force is only one of the last in a range of strategies available to secure pupil safety/well-being and also to maintain good order and discipline. St Mary's College follows the non-statutory guidance; Use of reasonable force; Advice for Headteachers, staff and governing bodies July 2013.

2. Minimising the need to use force

As a school, we are committed to creating a calm and safe environment that minimises the risk of incidents arising that might require the use of reasonable force.

The school will:

- Create and maintain a calm, orderly and supportive school environment that minimises the risk of incidents that might require force arising
- Develop effective relationships between staff and pupils
- Teach pupils how to manage conflict and strong feelings
- De-escalate incidents if they do arise
- Only use force when the risks involved in doing so are outweighed by the risk involved in not using force

3. Staff authorised to use force

All members of school staff have a legal power to use reasonable force.

• This power applies to any member of staff at the school.

 It can also apply to people whom the Headteacher has temporarily put in charge of pupils such as unpaid volunteers or parents accompanying students on a school organised visit.
 Section 93, Education and Inspections Act 2006

The Headteacher will make every effort to ensure that staff at St Mary's College

- 1. Clearly understand this policy and their responsibilities in the context of their duty of care in taking appropriate measures where reasonable force is necessary and
- 2. Are provided with appropriate training to deal with difficult situations (TEAM TEACH)

3. Deciding to use force

Staff should only use force when:

- The potential consequence of not intervening are sufficiently serious to justify considering the use of force
- The risk associated with not using force outweigh those of using force
- The chance of achieving the desired result by other means is low

All staff will be kept informed and advised how to deal with particular pupils who present particular risk to themselves or others. If it is deemed there is a likelihood that force will need to be used a positive handling plan will be created for the individual pupil. Reasonable adjustments will be made for children with special educational needs (SEN). PHPs will be reviewed following any use of physical intervention and necessary alternations made, if required.

4. Using force

There is no legal definition of when it is reasonable to use force and each case must be judged on its circumstance. However, when manging situations involving pupils with SEN and disabilities or medical conditions, the staff must recognise these additional vulnerabilities and consider carefully any associated risks when using reasonable force. The force used needs to be in proportion to the consequence it is intended to prevent. The degree of force used should be the minimum needed to achieve the desired result.

Staff will always try to avoid acting in a way that might cause injury, but in extreme cases it may not always be possible to avoid injuring a pupil.

Force should not be used to prevent trivial misbehaviour.

Before using force, staff should:

- Tell the pupil to stop misbehaving
- Communicate in a calm and measured manner
- Never act out of anger or frustration or to punish a pupil
- Make it clear to the pupil that physical contact or restraint will stop as soon as it ceases to be necessary.

The type of force used could be:

- standing between pupils or blocking a pupil's path
- leading a pupil by the hand or arm
- ushering a pupil away by placing a hand on the centre of the back
- using appropriate restrictive holds, which may require specific expertise or training

Staff should always avoid touching or restraining a pupil in a way that could be interpreted as sexually inappropriate conduct.

Staff are advised that, as far as possible, they should not use force unless or until another responsible adult is present to support, observe or call for assistance.

5. Reason for using force

To:

- restrain a pupil at risk of harming themselves through physical outbursts.
- remove disruptive children from the classroom where they have refused to follow an instruction to do so:
- prevent a pupil behaving in a way that disrupts a school event or a school trip or visit;
- prevent a pupil leaving the classroom where allowing the pupil to leave would risk their safety or lead to behaviour that disrupts the behaviour of others;
- prevent a pupil from attacking a member of staff or another pupil, or to stop a fight in the playground

6. Staff Training

Reminders of the behaviour policy will be given regularly through staff meetings and briefings. Staff will be offered the opportunity to take part in TEACH training. If a pupil is displaying challenging behaviour and it is thought they may need physical intervention a positive handling plan will be written, discussed and disseminated to staff.

7. Advice for staff

At all times try to manage your own emotions – maybe take a deep breath – and do not become involved in a 'conflict spiral'. Situations are rarely personal.

Name the inappropriate behaviour; express clearly the desired behaviour, calmly confidently, assertively.

Use 'language of choice' – put the responsibility, ownership of behaviour with the child.

8. Recording incidents

Any incident of physical intervention **must** be recorded in the bound and numbered Positive Handling book. The incident should also be recorded/uploaded onto CPOMS.

9. Reporting incidents

After any incident in which force has been used parents should be informed as soon as possible. The Headteacher should also be informed.

10. Post-incident support

Physical Intervention can be distressing for both staff and pupils it is important both staff and children are given the time and support needed to help them regain their composure.

- The school will decide and involve as appropriate any multiagency partner e.g. early help, social care, CAMHS.
- Wherever possible, the views of the child, post incident, most be sought understood and recorded.
- Opportunities to repair relationships between staff and pupils affected by the incident will be offered
- In some cases, the incident may lead to the fixed term or permanent exclusion of the pupil in line with the behaviour policy

11. Complaints or allegations

Complaints will be dealt with under the school's complaints procedures however, if an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff, the school will follow the procedures outlined in the child protection policy, and advice sought from the Local Authority Designated Officer, as per Keeping Children Safe in Education – Part 4.

12. Physical Contact with pupils in other circumstance

There may be occasions when physical contact with a pupil may be proper or necessary e.g., sports coaching or giving first aid. Touching may also be appropriate where a pupil is being congratulated or praised, or where a pupil is in distress and needs comforting. Teachers must use their own professional judgement when they feel a pupil needs this kind of support. For some pupils touching is particularly unwelcome. Staff must bear in mind that even innocent and well-intentional physical contact can sometimes be misconstrued.

13. Powers to search pupils without consent

In addition to general power to use reasonable force, the Headteacher and authorised staff can use such force as is reasonable given the circumstances to conduct a search for the following 'prohibited items'²:

- knives or weapons
- alcohol
- tobacco and cigarette papers
- fireworks
- illegal drugs
- stolen items
- pornographic images
- any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be used
 - i) to commit an offence,
 - ii) to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil)
- Principal and authorised staff can also search for any item banned by the school rules which has been identified in the rules as an item which may be searched for.

School staff can confiscate any prohibited items found as a result of a search.

The Headteacher must ensure the person carrying out the search is of the same sex as the pupil, and the search must be carried out in the presence of another adult also of the same sex as the pupil. Pupils cannot be required to remove any clothing other than outer garments. If pupil's possessions are searched this must also be done in the presence of another adult. The person carrying out the search is able to use such force as is reasonable in the circumstance for exercising that power.

Furthermore, the Education Act 2011 allows staff to lawfully search electronic devices, without consent or parental permission, if there is a suspicion that the pupil has a device prohibited by school rules, or the staff member has good reason to suspect the device may be used to:

- cause harm,
- disrupt teaching,
- break school rules,
- commit an offence.
- cause personal injury, or
- damage property.

² The School Behaviour (Determination and Publicising of Measure in Academies) Regulations 2012

Appendix 1

NON-PHYSICAL CRISES INTERVENTION TECHNIQUES

Do	Don't
◆ Appear calm and relaxed	 Appear afraid and unsure of yourself, Bossy or arrogant Assume an "I don't give a damn about you" attitude
 Keep the pitch and volume of your voice down 	◆ Raise your voice
 Feel comfortable with the fact you are in control Project a calm assured feeling that you will see the situation through to a peaceful end no matter what happens 	◆ Appear to expect an attack
Talk with the pupil	Give demandsMake demands
 Be matter of fact if the pupil becomes agitated Be sensitive and flexible Be flexible but consistent Be aware of body language 	 Make threats Maintain continuous eye contact Gesticulate
 Stay close to the pupil and attend to him/her Be patient 	 Turn your back or leave Invade their personal space Display emotion
·	◆ Argue
 Acknowledge his/her feelings Leave the pupil an avenue of escape 	 Corner the pupil physically or psychologically
 Where possible, remain seated as long as the pupil does; Avoid crowding 	 Get up and move towards the pupil

USE OF FORCE TO CONTROL OR RESTRAIN PUPILS INCIDENT RECORD

Staff member(s) involved in the incident:	Reference Number
Details of the pupil or pupils on whom force was used by staff:	a member of
Name: Year Gr	oup:
Date of the incident: Time of	the incident:
Location:	
<u>Details of witnesses</u> :	
Name: (Staff / S	Student)
Name: (Staff / S	Student)
Reason for intervention: Immediate danger or injury to self	ners 🗆
Detail any de-escalation techniques used: Verbal advice & support □ Calm talking □ Reassument Removal from the area □ Non-threatening body language Humour □ Step away □ Distraction □	
Description of the incident:	

<u>Details of th</u>	e physical intervention u	<u>sed</u> :	
Duration of	the physical intervention	•	
<u> </u>	me physical intervention	•	
Detail any i	njury suffered by the mer	nber(s) of staff or stu	udent.
Student: required: Y	os / No		First aid
required. T	C3 / NO		
Staff:			First aid
required Y	es / No		
Damaras			Vac / Na
<u>Damage to</u>	property? If yes, please p	provide details:	Yes / No
	ollow up - including post		•
action requ	ired against the student/s	s, amendments requ	uired to the PHP:
Daladat ad		(A). W	M.
Debrief und	lertaken with the student(s): Yes	No
		(s): Yes	No
	lertaken with the student((s): Yes	No
		(s): Yes	No
Pupil's respo	onse to the incident:		No
Pupil's respo			No
Pupil's respo	onse to the incident: e parents/carers informed		No
Pupil's respo	onse to the incident:		No
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Pupil's response	e parents/carers informed arents/carers response: y, details shared with extended on Officer) mplaint/allegation been hould not be recorded here.	of the incident: ernal agencies (soci	ial worker, nember of staff?
Pupil's response	e parents/carers informed arents/carers response: y, details shared with extended at a cation Officer)	of the incident: ernal agencies (soc	ial worker, nember of staff?

Report compiled by:	Report countersigned by the Head:
Name:	Name:
Signature:	Signature:
Date:	Date:
Time:	Time:

IMPORTANT: - THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED THE SAME DAY

Incident Reporting – Bound Book

Please ensure that when you are completing incident forms you allocate yourself the next sequential incident number and complete all the required information in the <u>Physical Intervention Bound Book</u>

- > Reference number
- > Date
- > Pupil involved
- > Reporting staff
- Signature

Appendix 3

St Mary's College POSITIVE HANDLING PLAN

Name:				DOB:	
ENVIRONMENTS AND TRIGGERS Describe the situations that have led to a dangerous incident in the past.					
•					
RISK Circle (or m	ake bold) tl	he level of po	tential risk.		
Lo)W	Med	dium		High
Circle (or m	ake bold) c	and/or describ	pe precisely	what migh	nt happen
Slap	Punch	Bite	Pinch	Spit	Kick
Hair grab	Neck grab	Clothing grab	Body holds	Arm grab	Weapons / Missiles
Punches an Grabs child Very powe	with other nd kicks oth	ner children d the neck an n a temper	d won't let (go	
PREVENTION Describe and reduce the	y changes	to routines, pa	ersonnel or	environme	nt that might

DIVERSION AND DISTRACTIONS Describe interests, words, objects etc. that may div	vert attention fr	om an
escalating crisis.		
DE-ESCALATION Describe any strategies that have worked in the pavoided	ast or should be	Э
	Tn	Avoid
Varhal advice and support	Try	Avoid
Verbal advice and support Firm clear directions		
Negotiation		
Limited Choices		
Distraction		
Diversion		
Reassurance		
Planned Ignoring		
Withdrawal Offered		
Withdrawal Directed		
Transfer Adult		
Reminders about Consequences		
Humour		
Success Reminders		
Other/Talk about ringing parents		
PHYSICAL INTERVENTION Describe any strategies that have worked in the pavoided.	ast or should be	e
	Try	Avoid
Help Hug		
Cradle Hug		
Standing Wrap		
Sitting Wrap		
Standing Double Elbow		
Sitting Double Elbow (Single person)		
Standing Single Elbow Standing Single Elbow (2 parson)		
Standing Single Elbow (2 person)		
Sitting Single Elbow (2 person) Half Shield		
Other		

LISTENING AND LEARNING

Describe any strategies which have worked in the past or should be	
avoided.	
Responds to:	
• Avoid:	
Avoid.	

RECORDING AND NOTIFICATIONS REQUIRED

Parents/Carers	E	Educational Psychologist	
Headteacher		Doctor / Nurse	
Social Care	C	Others:	

Name	Status	Signed	Date

Appendix 4

Useful Links

DfE: Behaviour & Discipline in Schools. Advice for Headteachers and school staff – Updated January 2016

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/behaviour-and-discipline-in-schools

DfE: Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions. Statutory guidance – December 2015

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/306952/Statutory_guidance_on_supporting_pupils_at_school_with_medical_conditions.pdf

DfE Use of reasonable force Advice for Headteachers, staff and governing bodies July 2013

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/444051/Use_of_reasonable_force_advice_Reviewed_July_20_15.pdf

Guidance for safer working practice for those working with children & young people in education settings – October 2015 https://www.safeguardinginschools.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/Guidance-for-Safer-Working-Practices-2015-final.pdf

Guidance on the Use of Restrictive Physical Interventions for Staff Working with Children and Adults who display Extreme Behaviour in Association with Learning Disability and/or Autistic Spectrum Disorders (2002)

http://media.education.gov.uk/assets/files/pdf/g/guidance%20on%20t he%20use%20of%20restrictive%20physical%20interventions.pdf

DfE Screening, searching and confiscation – advice for Headteachers, staff and governing bodies. Updated Sept 2016

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/554415/searching_screening_confiscation_advice_Sept_201_6.pdf

Keeping Children Safe in Education; Part 4 Allegations of Abuse made against teachers and other staff.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/550511/Keeping_children_safe_in_education.pdf